# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

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SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 8, 1919

Thrift is the very foundation of individual efficiency and individual efficiency is the foundation of all success.

-S. W. Strauss.

#### The Seattle Affair

herein are also reserved,

Some people fear they see in the Seattle outbreak to breaking up of the present order and the real beginning of the reign of bolshevism in America. blucry strike of large proportions since the signing of the armistice has been regarded as a symptom of

The Scattle incident we do not believe is significant of a rising tide of bolshevism. Scattle and the northwest was the breeding place of the dissatisfied alquarter of a century ago and they have been ever since. It was thence the I. W. W. irrupted in large numbers. Coxey's army was largely recruited from that region. We do not pretend to say or know why

But if it is true that what is happening at Scattle is the beginning of a revolt which may become duntry wide, there is but one way to deal with itfirmly and without concession, for there is nothing the government can afford to concede to the strikers. They have broken an agreement under a federal award, allowing them extraordinary wages and the ampathetic strikes have taken place without any provocation whatever. Even if the original strike were justified, there could be no justification of the simpathetic strikes.

We notice that the soldiers and sailors are being invited in. That was an idea gained from the Russian movement in the beginning; in fact, the vicious, aparchistic and pacifist elements are copying a good deal from Russia at its worst. Only recently congress has taken cognizance of a meeting of these cattle, the "Butellectuals" under the very nose of congress to praise the soviet government, thereby inferentially instituting an invidious comparison of the soviets with our own government.

We do not think, though, that the soldiers and sailors who have acquitted themselves so nobly; who have endured the direst hardships and have faced death itself for \$30 a month, are likely to ally themselves with these strikers who skulked at home and lonfed at higher wages than were ever before paid for honest labor.

The government would do well to recruit from the returning soldiers and sailors a force to take the places of the strikers and with a strong hand suppress suickly outlawry in all its forms. That would assist

We are aware that repression may be carried too far and may be unjust, but there can be no government without some measure of repression. This old and sinful world cannot be ruled by love. We must have penal codes and jails and scaffolds, for there are some people who just will not behave themselves with-

# Water and Gold

The title of Mr. Maxwell's address yesterday, 'Water Mines and Gold Mines," strikingly points to the two chief sources of Arizona's wealth. No prospector for gold has ever been more enthusiastic than Mr. Maxwell as a water prospector and few have followed the alluring hunt for gold as persistently as he has sought large and still larger deposits of water.

In the nature of things one of these sources of wealth must some time be abundoned. The time must come when there will be no more great mines in Arigona, even if as we often say, we have yet-only eratched the surface." The life of every great mine now operating in this state, or for that matter, in any state, may be prettly closely gauged. We suppose that many of the large mining companies have been informed to within a few hundred thousand tons, have much ore yet available.

-No doubt new and rich mines whose locations have not yet been discovered will be opened in localities which are now almost inaccessible, but in time they will be worked out. It will not be in our generation od the next or the next, but it is inevitable that when righes are steadily taken away without replacement, they will some time be all gone,

Under modern methods of mining, the life of a ane is not as long as it used to be. There, for instance, is the Rio Tinto of Spain, from which copper been steadily taken for centuries. But if the Rin Tinto from the beginning had been worked as mines at Bisbee, Globe and Jerome have been ked the last twenty-five years, the Rio Tinto would this time be forgotten and the scars there abouts would have been attributed to some great convulsion

But in our water mining we have really only gratched the surface." We have done only a very tle development work and that has yielded, from "grass roots," These are mines that "go down;" rather, we should say "come down." They may ome time be fully developed, but they can never bene worked out, for repleaishment is in constant progress.

# The Raided Funds

The message of Governor Campbell to the legislature on the financial condition of the state institutions discloses an utter disregard of the law regulating the expenditure of the public funds, a disregard almost criminal, of the few, weak safeguards that had been thrown about the state treasury. Legislatures half made appropriations for certain definite purposes These appropriations, usually all that was asked, were uniformly liberal to the point of extravagance, Though all payments were to be made "under authority of law by which we supposed payment for any purpose could not be made out of any except an authorized

fund, it transpires that when any fund had been exhausted a raid was instituted on the next nearest one, until they have all of them been bled white, seriatim. The situation now is that in spite of total appropriations two years ago of nearly \$3,000,000, we now have a deficit of \$44,000 and a certainty that nearly a half million more will be needed, with the greatest economy, to carry the state institutions and departments to the end of the fiscal year.

The administration from the very admission of the state, has been impatient of a restraining hand in the matter of expenditures. We recall that when in the first legislature, the budget system was advocated, successful resistance was made by the administration to its application to the state. The state was to be left protected only by the honor, integrity and infallibility of the administration. The administration was to be in no way hampered in the glorious task of carrying out its ideals and presenting to the world a model government.

When attempts were made to eliminate the extravagant "continuing appropriations" from the statutes, the partisans of the administration always stood in the way. "So much thereof as may be needed" was the open door to the treasury and must not be closed by day or night. On one occasion an appropriation bill was vetoed in order that the continuing appropriations might be saved.

It is no wonder that in this state of affairs there came an era of steadily increasing extravagance and waste or that there should be such a denouement as has now been uncovered.

Of course an end will now be put to it. The legislature is of the material and is in the temper to do it. and we have no doubt that legislation will be enacted which will definitely limit the amount and the manner of expenditures. In order that it may be sure that such limitations as it may order shall be rigidly observed, it may be advisable to make an amendment to the penal code.

#### "WILL TEACH WITH MOVIES"

(Marjorie Day in Cleveland Plain Dealer.) Motion pictures will take the place of textbooks hereafter in all schools and colleges, according to Thomas A. Edison. "The only textbooks needed will be for tile teacher's own use," declared the inventor of the motion picture camera.

'My impression is that the government ought to help in this work," Mr. Edison said. "There should be vast fireproof vaults where all valuable and irreplaceable reels might be stored.

A great film library of educational and industrial subjects should be built up in Washington. Then these films could be issued on the rental system to all institutions in the United States, even to the most remote rural schoolhouses, and the system could be so operated that it would pay its own way, would be on a self-supporting basis like the pension office or

Asserting that anything that can be taught to the ear can be taught better to he eye," Mr. Edison coninued. "The moving object on the screen, the closest possible approximation to reality, is almost the same as bringing that object itself before the child or taking the child to that object."

#### THE TREES OF ENGLAND

(Geoffrey Howard, in the New Witness, London.) The trees of England! While she hath her trees She hath great virtues still! While formal yews Guard her trim gardens, she can never lose Homes for her scholars, men of learned ease, And white her pines stand stark against blue sear Murmuring of yet bluer seas to cruise, Her sons that hear them, as of old, shall choose To quit her peace, and though it burn or freeze. To win for her in grim and perilous realms New and great glory. With her mighty-thewed Oaks shall abide her spirit, bluff and strong: And while her winds are prayerful in great elms, Poets shall seek her haunts of solitude. And English leaves shall murmur through English

#### GENERAL O'RYAN'S CONSTELLATION (Outlook.)

It is not often that a military command perpetrates a pun. A veritable pun, however, has been imprinted on the helmets and motor trucks of the American Twenty-seventh division. A recent number of the Gas Attack shows a device in which a arranged as to correspond with the constellation Orion. Now, as every one knows, the gallant and efficient commander of that division is General O'Ryan. The idea is clever, and perhaps a bit humorous. Certainly, General O'Ryan has proved himself a military star, and the 27th division, in its capture of Mont Hammel and its thrust through the Hindenburg line south of Cambrai is truly entitled to be considered some constellation.

# A SLY DOG

"Before we were married." she complained, "you always engaged a cab when you took me anywhere. Now you think the street-car is good enough for me." No, my darling, I don't think the street car is

good enough for you; it's because I'm so proud of you. In a cab you would be seen by nobody, while I can show you off to so many people by taking you in a



### BIGGEST HOTEL IN THE WORLD IS OPENED



#### The Pennsylvania hotel in New York.

The largest hotel in the world, the Pennsylvania, located in New York The largest hotel in the world, the Pennsylvania, located in New York on Seventh avenue opposite the Pennsylvania terminal, was opened recently. The hotel has twenty-seven floor levels, including the sub-basements. Twenty-four are above street level, including the mezzanine floors of which there are really three. There are 2,200 rooms, each with a private bath and running ice water. The main dining room, a tea room, men's cafe and buffet are on the Seventh avenue level, while the grill and lunchroom are on the floor below and a roof garden on the top floor. Twenty-five hundred guests were entertained the commitment. dred guests were entertained the opening night,

# 5-YEAR EXTENSION **CUMMINS WOULD NOT**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 .- Director General Hines today explained to the senate interstatee commerce committee that in re-grouping the railroads according to his proposed permanent regional organization under private management, he would include one or two big systems as the backbone for each group. This grouping would have to be determined by some governmental tribunal, not by congress, and in general he regarded it as unwise to di-vide big existing systems.

vide big existing systems.

In this way six or more regional corporations would be created throughout the country with more uniform strength than a multitude of smaller companies with widely varying strength State commissions should be con-suited to a large extent, he said, in de-

termining local rates, Senator Cummins, of Iowa, thought

Hr. Hines' proposal was remarkably similar to that which he had advocated or years and declared he believed the callroads should not be returned to drivate management until congress had stablished a permanent policy in re-

### Cummins Opposes Hines

Senator Cummins disagreed with Mr. lines' belief that extension of govern-ment control was necessary to provide ment control was necessary to provide time for solution of the question. It think now is the psychological time to do the right thing in regard to the rall-roads," he said. "There is a better temper, a better spirit now relating to rall-roads than ever before in my experience. Why not go ahead now and weigh the merits of your plan."

Mr. Hines replied that he could not help feeling that the public was against government control and therefore he did not believe it worth while to continue control for two years, unless governments.

linue control for two years, unless gov ernment management was continued long enough to give it a fair trial. "I think you underestimate the ca-

"I think you underestimate the capacity of the people to think sanely and soundly on this subject now," said Senator Cummins. "I fear if the period were extended five years, congress would not take up the question again until near the end of the time, and then we would have the same situation as now, with another presidential election towning on." oming on."
Senator Cummins said many of the

short lines had suffered severely by commission from the government con-

Have You Been To

# Hyder's Sale

And Lots o f **SUITS OVERCOATS** 

### MACKINAWS \$12.00 Values ...... \$ 8.00 \$15.00 Values \$10.00 \$18.00 Values \$12.00 \$20.00 Values .....\$13.30

Included in this sale are crave nettes, flannel night shirts and paiamas: Coopers standard underwear; bath and lounging

25% Off



Fine Silk Shirts 25% Off

3 lots broken sizes Wilson Bros.

Stiff Cuff Shirts

\$1.50 Values ...... \$ .95

\$2.00 Values ......\$1.15 \$2.50 Values ......\$1.25

HATS

Mallory Hats

\$3.50 Values .....\$2.65 \$5.00 Values ......\$3.75

SWEATERS

trol, and government management and

Mr. Hines explained that with the oming of peace, all short lines should be included in any scheme of federal

Warburg Has Plan

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Return of the railroads to private control, with gov-ernment regulation assuring competition in service but not in rates, and cuaranteeing fair returns to railroad investments, with a division of excess-

ive incomes between stockholders, laor and the government, was advocated y Paul M. Warburg former governor f the federal reserve board here today, in an address to the New York chamber of commerce.

SPECIAL REDUCTION ON MEM-BERSHIPS FOR THE Y. M. C. A. THIS WEEK.

THE PHOENIX "Y" SHOULD HAVE A THOUSAND MEMBERS. r

# The Real Meat Market

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# **Real Choice Fresh Meats Real Sanitary Surroundings** Real Courteous Service

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# Mothers of America— What Would You Have Done?

ARLY one morning, in tear-American found a wee baby on his doorstep. The note pinned to it said, "I cannot feed it. I know you'll not let my baby starve!"

Would YOU have let that baby starve?

Would you let any baby starve if you had the means to save it?

Suppose that happened to your baby - it won't; but suppose it did-wouldn't you pray God to melt all the hearts in the world, to save your baby?

Every poor, tetror-stricken Armenian, Syrian, and Jewish mother in Bible lands is praying now just as you would.

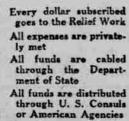
For hundreds of years the Turk has fed these unfortunates on cruelty and oppression. He has crushed them by evil misrule. He has polluted them by devilish Moslem practices.

Now that the Turk has been fought to harmlessness, they call to America for help.

\$30,000,000 must be raised for immediate relief, for food, clothing, fuel, medical attendance and employment.

We know our American mothers will be the first to give-and their husbands, sons and daughters will be very close behind.

It costs only 17 cents a day, \$5.00 a month, \$60.00 a year, to feed one famishing baby



Our Government is pre-vented from giving aid

The Red Cross is not organized for Relief Work in these sections

All funds are distributed through U. S. Consuls

Won't You Save At Least One Life?

Arizona Campaign for \$150,000 FEBRUARY 10-17

Give That Others May Live

